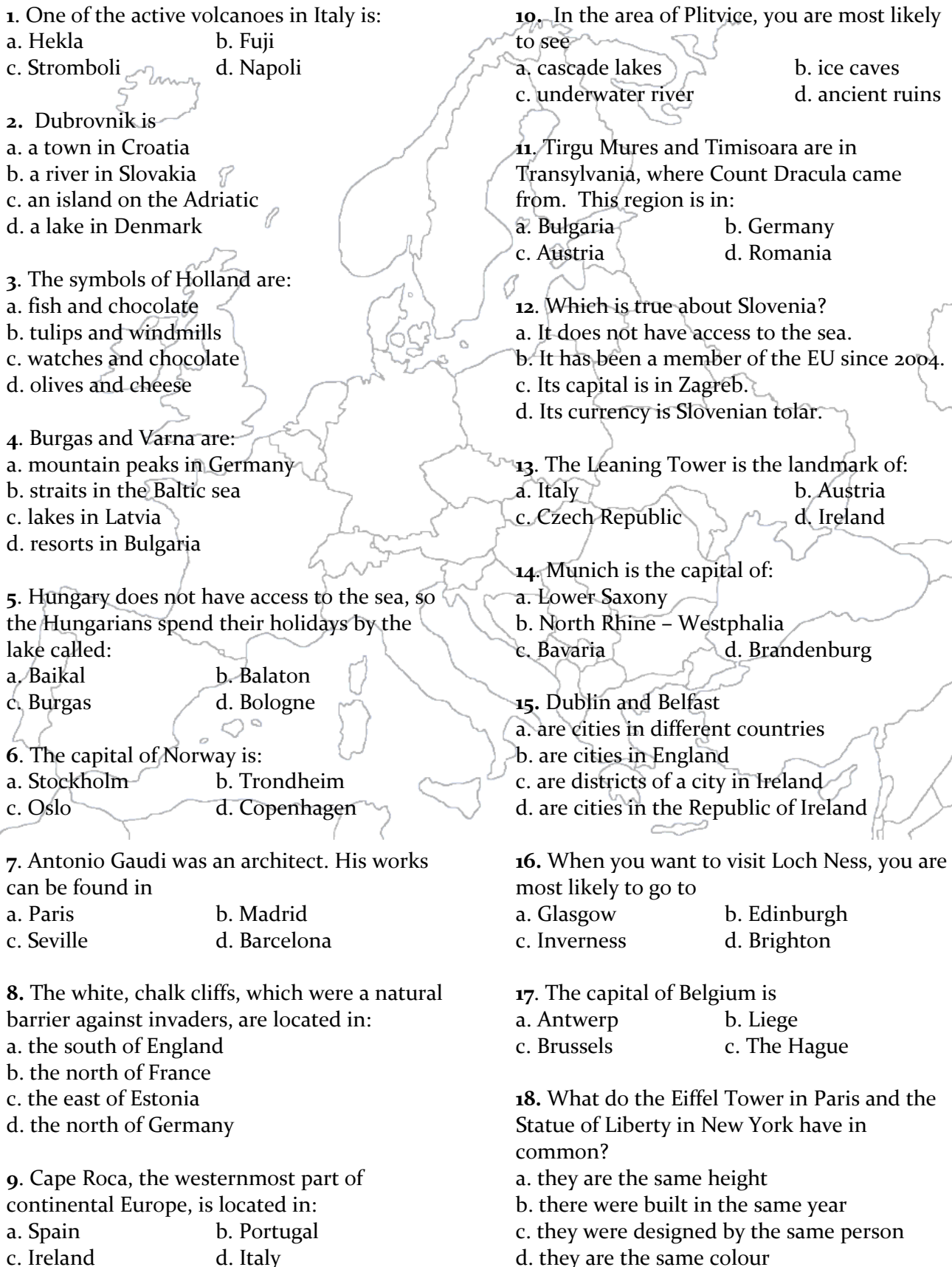


# TOURIST ATTRACTIONS OF THE EU COUNTRIES

**Choose one correct answer:**

- 
1. One of the active volcanoes in Italy is:  
a. Hekla                      b. Fuji  
c. Stromboli                d. Napoli
2. Dubrovnik is  
a. a town in Croatia  
b. a river in Slovakia  
c. an island on the Adriatic  
d. a lake in Denmark
3. The symbols of Holland are:  
a. fish and chocolate  
b. tulips and windmills  
c. watches and chocolate  
d. olives and cheese
4. Burgas and Varna are:  
a. mountain peaks in Germany  
b. straits in the Baltic sea  
c. lakes in Latvia  
d. resorts in Bulgaria
5. Hungary does not have access to the sea, so the Hungarians spend their holidays by the lake called:  
a. Baikal                      b. Balaton  
c. Burgas                      d. Bologne
6. The capital of Norway is:  
a. Stockholm                b. Trondheim  
c. Oslo                         d. Copenhagen
7. Antonio Gaudi was an architect. His works can be found in  
a. Paris                        b. Madrid  
c. Seville                      d. Barcelona
8. The white, chalk cliffs, which were a natural barrier against invaders, are located in:  
a. the south of England  
b. the north of France  
c. the east of Estonia  
d. the north of Germany
9. Cape Roca, the westernmost part of continental Europe, is located in:  
a. Spain                        b. Portugal  
c. Ireland                      d. Italy
10. In the area of Plitvice, you are most likely to see  
a. cascade lakes              b. ice caves  
c. underwater river          d. ancient ruins
11. Tirgu Mures and Timisoara are in Transylvania, where Count Dracula came from. This region is in:  
a. Bulgaria                      b. Germany  
c. Austria                        d. Romania
12. Which is true about Slovenia?  
a. It does not have access to the sea.  
b. It has been a member of the EU since 2004.  
c. Its capital is in Zagreb.  
d. Its currency is Slovenian tolar.
13. The Leaning Tower is the landmark of:  
a. Italy                         b. Austria  
c. Czech Republic            d. Ireland
14. Munich is the capital of:  
a. Lower Saxony  
b. North Rhine – Westphalia  
c. Bavaria                      d. Brandenburg
15. Dublin and Belfast  
a. are cities in different countries  
b. are cities in England  
c. are districts of a city in Ireland  
d. are cities in the Republic of Ireland
16. When you want to visit Loch Ness, you are most likely to go to  
a. Glasgow                      b. Edinburgh  
c. Inverness                    d. Brighton
17. The capital of Belgium is  
a. Antwerp                      b. Liege  
c. Brussels                      d. The Hague
18. What do the Eiffel Tower in Paris and the Statue of Liberty in New York have in common?  
a. they are the same height  
b. there were built in the same year  
c. they were designed by the same person  
d. they are the same colour

19. Zealand is an island on the Baltic sea. It belongs to:

- a. Latvia
- b. Norway
- c. Denmark
- d. Sweden

20. How many World Heritage Sites does Poland have?

- a. 8
- b. 11
- c. 14
- d. 23

21. Which of these places is included in the UNESCO World Heritage List?

- a. medieval cranes in Gdansk
- b. the Wieliczka salt mine
- c. the Old Town in Poznan
- d. silver mine in Tarnowskie Gory

22. The Danube, the longest river in Europe flows through:

- a. Strasbourg and Frankfurt
- b. Lyon and Geneva
- c. Budapest and Vienna
- d. Prague and Hamburg

23. Oktoberfest is held in

- a. Munich
- b. Berlin
- c. Hannover
- d. Dortmund

24. What do Belgium, Denmark, Spain and Norway have in common?

- a. they have Mediterranean climate
- b. the official language
- c. the same area
- d. they are all kingdoms

25. The whole population of the state of Estonia is:

- a. fewer than the population of Warsaw
- b. more than the population of Denmark
- c. more than twenty million people

26. In Greece there is a complex of six monasteries built on high rocks. They are called:

- a. Cyclades
- b. Meteora
- c. Athens
- d. Kornati

27. St Mark's square, which is sometimes flooded because of the rising of the sea level is in:

- a. Rome
- b. Milan
- c. Palermo
- d. Venice

28. In Amsterdam, the most convenient means of transport are:

- a. bicycles
- b. cars
- c. buses
- d. the underground

29. What is Notre Dame?

- a. a museum in London
- b. a bridge in Budapest
- c. a church in Paris
- d. a castle in Germany

30. The Little Mermaid is the landmark of:

- a. Rotterdam
- b. Vienna
- c. Goteborg
- d. Copenhagen

31. There is a town in the Netherlands where the treaty forming the European Union was signed. It is:

- a. Maastricht
- b. Breda
- c. Eindhoven
- d. Utrecht

32. Upper Silesia is

- a. a lake district in Finland
- b. an industrial region in Poland
- c. mountain range in Slovakia
- d. an island in Denmark

33. Where is Malta?

- a. between France and Germany
- b. between Estonia and Latvia
- c. on the Mediterranean sea
- d. on the Adriatic sea

34. The Bosphorus is

- a. a strait that separates Europe from Asia
- b. a city in Greece
- c. a river in Romania
- d. a mountain in Great Britain